

COBALT OXIDE Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision Date

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : COBALT OXIDE STANDARD

EC number : 215-157-2

REACH Registration number

Registration number	Legal entity
01-2119517310-56-0000	-

CAS number : 1308-06-1

Product code : **SML 1**

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Industrial use of tricobalt tetraoxide as catalyst Industrial use of tricobalt tetraoxide in the manufacture of chemicals and in other wet-chemical processes as intermediate Industrial use of tricobalt tetraoxide in the manufacture of inorganic pigments and frits, glass, ceramic ware, varistors and magnets (calcination/sintering processes) Manufacture and industrial use of coatings and inks using tricobalt tetraoxide as drier and/or pigment Manufacture and industrial use of UPR/plastics/PET/FRP using tricobalt tetraoxide Manufacture of tricobalt tetraoxide as catalyst Professional uses of coatings and inks containing tricobalt tetraoxide Professional uses of UPR/plastics/PET/FRP containing tricobalt tetraoxide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Simba Materials Limited t/a CTM Potters Supplies Millpark Industrial Estate, White Cross Road, Woodbury Salterton, nr Unit 7-8, Broomhouse Lane Industrial Estate, Edlington, Doncaster, DN12 1EQ
T +44 (0)1709 770801 - F +44 (0)1709 770803 doncaster@ctmpotterssupplies.co.uk
Unit 10a, Millpark Industrial Estate, White Cross Road, Woodbury Salterton, nr Exeter, EX5 1EL,
T +44 (0)1395 233077 - F +44 (0)1395 233905 admin@ctmpotterssupplies.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number : Carechem 24: + 44 (0) 1235 239 670

Hours of operation : 24 hours per day

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mono-constituent substance

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Resp. Sens. 1B, H334

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD]

R42

R52/53

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

COBALT OXIDE Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision date:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P285 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response : P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P304 + P341 - If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous ingredients : tricobalt tetraoxide

Supplemental label elements : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : Not applicable.

Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances : Mono-constituent substance

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification		Type
			67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	
tricobalt tetraoxide	EC: 215-157-2 CAS: 1308-06-1	97 - 100	R42 R52/53	Resp. Sens. 1B, H334 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[A]
cobalt oxide	EC: 215-154-6 CAS: 1307-96-6 Index: 027-002-00-4	<1	T+; R26 Xn; R22 R42/43 N; R50/53	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Resp. Sens. 1B, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[B]

COBALT OXIDE Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision date:**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[A] Constituent

[B] Impurity

[C] Stabilising additive

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.
- Skin contact** : Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayedPotential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
- Inhalation** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

COBALT OXIDE Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision date:**SECTION 4: First aid measures**

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
wheezing and breathing difficulties
asthma
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**5.1 Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

COBALT OXIDE Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision date:

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
tricobalt tetraoxide	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.
cobalt oxide	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Skin sensitiser. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.

COBALT OXIDE Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision date:

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
tricobalt tetraoxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.0545 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.0086 mg/m ³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.0129 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
tricobalt tetraoxide	Fresh water	0.6 µg/l	-
	Marine water	2.36 µg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	9.5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Fresh water sediment	9.5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	10.9 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	0.373 µg/l	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.

Skin protection

Cobalt Oxide Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: particulate filter (P3)
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Solid. [Powder.]
- Colour** : Grey.-Black.
- Odour** : Odourless.
- Odour threshold** : Not applicable.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Not applicable.
- Evaporation rate** : Not applicable.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits** : Not applicable.
- Vapour pressure** : Not applicable.
- Vapour density** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 6.11
- Solubility(ies)** : Not available.
- Solubility in water** : 0.00162 g/l
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not applicable.
- Decomposition temperature** : 900°C
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C): Not applicable.
- Explosive properties** : Not applicable.
- Oxidising properties** : No oxidising ingredients present.

9.2 Other information

COBALT OXIDE Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision date:

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
tricobalt tetraoxide	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>5.06 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Mammal - species unspecified	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
cobalt oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	202 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not classified.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not classified.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Respiratory

: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not classified.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not classified.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not classified.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

Not classified.

COBALT OXIDE Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision date:
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
- Inhalation** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
wheezing and breathing difficulties
asthma
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.
- General** : Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

COBALT OXIDE Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision date:

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
tricobalt tetraoxide	LC50 0.024 mg/l Marine water	Algae	7 days
	LC50 0.144 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	LC50 2.32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans	72 hours
	LC50 1.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	NOEC 0.00123 mg/l Marine water	Algae	7 days
	NOEC 0.0049 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	7 days
	NOEC 0.206 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans	113 hours
	NOEC 0.00547 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	28 hours
	NOEC 0.3514 mg/l	Fish	34 days

Conclusion/Summary : Harmful to aquatic organisms. By analogy to similar materials: Cobalt Chloride.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

LogP_{ow}

Product/ingredient name	Value
tricobalt tetraoxide	-
cobalt oxide	-

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.
P: Not available. B: Not available. T: Not available.

vPvB : Not applicable.
vP: Not available. vB: Not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

COBALT OXIDE Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision date:

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
06 03 15*	metallic oxides containing heavy metals

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)
Bag	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances
Steel drum	15 01 04 metallic packaging

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

COBALT OXIDE Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision date:

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
tricobalt tetraoxide	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cobalt compounds	Carc.	-
cobalt oxide	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cobalt compounds	Carc.	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

International lists

National inventory

- Australia** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Canada** : All components are listed or exempted.
- China** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Japan** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Malaysia** : Not determined.
- New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Philippines** : Not determined.
- Republic of Korea** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted.
- United States** : All components are listed or exempted.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment : Complete.

COBALT OXIDE Safety Data Sheet 1 Date of issue: 24/02/2017 Revision date:

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

- Abbreviations and acronyms** :
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 - CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
 - DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
 - DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 - EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
 - PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 - PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 - RRN = REACH Registration Number
 - vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Resp. Sens. 1B, H334	Expert judgment
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Expert judgment

Full text of abbreviated H statements :

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] :

Acute Tox. 2, H330	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3, H301	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Resp. Sens. 1B, H334	RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1, H317	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

- Full text of abbreviated R phrases** :
- R26- Very toxic by inhalation.
 - R22- Harmful if swallowed.
 - R42- May cause sensitisation by inhalation.
 - R42/43- May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.
 - R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
 - R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

- Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]** :
- T+ - Very toxic
 - Xn - Harmful
 - N - Dangerous for the environment

Date of printing : 24/02/2017.

Date of issue/ Date of revision : 24/02/2017.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 1

Disclaimer: The information contained herein was obtained from sources we believe to be accurate and is based on the available scientific evidence. It is provided solely for compliance with the various requirements relating to Health, Safety, Environmental, and Transportation--it is not meant to convey analytical information. This document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person using this material. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose. This document provides transportation and environmental information, but is not the definitive resource and does not replace required training and knowledge required to address transportation and environmental-related requirements, language, or actions. No representations, guarantees or warranties of any kind are made as to the accuracy of the information contained herein, the suitability of the material or the information contained herein for particular applications, the hazards connected with the use of the material, or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.